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00:00:00,000 --> 00:00:05,000

Astonishing sea creatures defy explanations.

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00:00:05,000 --> 00:00:08,000

It's like these creatures were brought here

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00:00:08,000 --> 00:00:11,000

in their entirety and put into our oceans.

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00:00:11,000 --> 00:00:14,000

Ancient cultures worship fish like gods.

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00:00:14,000 --> 00:00:17,000

This is a common theme that we find around the world.

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00:00:17,000 --> 00:00:20,000

Humans that had aquatic features.

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00:00:20,000 --> 00:00:24,000

Underwater life forms display mysterious behavior.

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00:00:24,000 --> 00:00:27,000

So they're totally alien forms of life

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00:00:27,000 --> 00:00:31,000

that have never been found anywhere else on the planet.

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Scientists say we know more about the surface of Mars

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00:00:35,000 --> 00:00:38,000

than we do about the bottom of our own oceans.

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00:00:38,000 --> 00:00:41,000

But is it an even more alien environment

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00:00:41,000 --> 00:00:44,000

than anyone could imagine?

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00:00:44,000 --> 00:00:47,000

This is an extraterrestrial amino acid.

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00:00:47,000 --> 00:00:48,000

Really?

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00:00:48,000 --> 00:00:51,000

This is a revolutionary discovery.

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00:00:51,000 --> 00:00:54,000

This could just be the opening of the door

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00:00:54,000 --> 00:00:57,000

into the realization that our oceans

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00:00:57,000 --> 00:01:00,000

are in fact a great extraterrestrial laboratory.

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00:01:05,000 --> 00:01:09,000

There is a doorway in the universe.

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00:01:09,000 --> 00:01:13,000

Beyond it is the promise of truth.

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00:01:13,000 --> 00:01:19,000

It demands we question everything we have ever been taught.

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00:01:19,000 --> 00:01:22,000

The evidence is all around us.

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00:01:22,000 --> 00:01:26,000

The future is right before our eyes.

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00:01:26,000 --> 00:01:29,000

We are not alone.

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00:01:29,000 --> 00:01:32,000

We have never been alone.

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00:01:42,000 --> 00:01:46,000

November 4th, 2006.

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00:01:46,000 --> 00:01:49,000

A video is anonymously posted on the Internet

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00:01:49,000 --> 00:01:52,000

that appears to be underwater footage

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00:01:52,000 --> 00:01:55,000

of a large, shadowy sea creature.

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00:01:55,000 --> 00:01:58,000

While the footage is low quality,

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00:01:58,000 --> 00:02:02,000

long arms and legs, or possibly a mermaid-like fin,

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00:02:02,000 --> 00:02:06,000

can be made out as the creature draws nearer to the camera.

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00:02:06,000 --> 00:02:10,000

And then the video abruptly ends.

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00:02:10,000 --> 00:02:15,000

Information posted with the clip claims it shows the Ningen.

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00:02:15,000 --> 00:02:18,000

A legendary sea creature said to lurk off the coast

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00:02:18,000 --> 00:02:20,000

of Antarctica.

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00:02:20,000 --> 00:02:23,000

While some suggest the footage was faked,

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00:02:23,000 --> 00:02:25,000

other photos and videos of the Ningen

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00:02:25,000 --> 00:02:28,000

have surfaced in recent years.

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00:02:28,000 --> 00:02:31,000

And there are those who believe this disturbingly

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00:02:31,000 --> 00:02:34,000

human-like sea monster is real.

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00:02:34,000 --> 00:02:37,000

Now, most people, when they saw the images of this ninja,

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00:02:37,000 --> 00:02:39,000

quickly dismissed it as a hoax.

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00:02:39,000 --> 00:02:42,000

But things in the past, too, like the idea of a kraken,

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00:02:42,000 --> 00:02:45,000

some large squid, was never even thought possible

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00:02:45,000 --> 00:02:47,000

until it was discovered.

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00:02:48,000 --> 00:02:51,000

History books are filled with sensational encounters

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00:02:51,000 --> 00:02:54,000

with terrifying sea monsters.

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00:02:54,000 --> 00:02:56,000

Many of these stories were derided as myth

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00:02:56,000 --> 00:02:59,000

until evidence was found centuries after.

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00:02:59,000 --> 00:03:03,000

To indicate there was some truth to them.

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00:03:03,000 --> 00:03:05,000

The sea is a primal force.

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00:03:05,000 --> 00:03:08,000

It is deep, it is powerful, it is tempestuous,

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00:03:08,000 --> 00:03:10,000

so it frightens us.

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00:03:10,000 --> 00:03:13,000

So mariners, tales of sea, serpent sea monsters

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00:03:13,000 --> 00:03:17,000

go back to the earliest times of mythology and folklore.

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00:03:17,000 --> 00:03:20,000

They represent some of our deepest terrors.

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00:03:23,000 --> 00:03:27,000

The ocean is a good example of this fact-meets-fiction scenario.

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00:03:27,000 --> 00:03:32,000

You have stories like the kraken and these giant sea monsters,

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00:03:32,000 --> 00:03:35,000

and then the science catches up, so to speak,

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00:03:35,000 --> 00:03:38,000

and we find that, yes, there are these giants squid down there.

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00:03:38,000 --> 00:03:40,000

So that begs the question,

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00:03:40,000 --> 00:03:42,000

what else might be down there?

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00:03:42,000 --> 00:03:44,000

And frankly, we haven't got a clue.

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00:03:45,000 --> 00:03:49,000

As we venture deeper and deeper into the ocean,

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00:03:49,000 --> 00:03:52,000

there's no telling what we're going to find.

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00:03:52,000 --> 00:03:54,000

But one thing will be certain,

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00:03:54,000 --> 00:03:57,000

it will be absolutely mind-blowing.

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00:03:59,000 --> 00:04:02,000

Could the Ningga and other even more incredible creatures

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00:04:02,000 --> 00:04:04,000

that we have yet to encounter

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00:04:04,000 --> 00:04:07,000

be hiding out in the depths of Earth's oceans?

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00:04:09,000 --> 00:04:12,000

Incredibly, the world that we know and inhabit

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00:04:12,000 --> 00:04:17,000

above water represents only 1% of the planet's livable space.

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00:04:19,000 --> 00:04:22,000

99% belongs to the oceans,

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00:04:22,000 --> 00:04:26,000

and less than 10% of that space has been explored.

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00:04:29,000 --> 00:04:32,000

The ocean does represent probably the last real,

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00:04:32,000 --> 00:04:35,000

like, unexplored area of the Earth.

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00:04:35,000 --> 00:04:39,000

The surface of the ocean floor is largely uncharacterized.

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00:04:40,000 --> 00:04:43,000

It's kind of strange when you think about it,

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00:04:43,000 --> 00:04:47,000

because we know more about the surface of the moon

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00:04:47,000 --> 00:04:51,000

and the surface of Mars than we know about the ocean floors.

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00:04:52,000 --> 00:04:57,000

Up until 1875, the mainstream scientific viewpoint

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00:04:57,000 --> 00:05:00,000

was that living organisms could not exist

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00:05:00,000 --> 00:05:03,000

more than 1,800 feet beneath the surface of the ocean.

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00:05:04,000 --> 00:05:07,000

But then, a scientific expedition discovered

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00:05:07,000 --> 00:05:11,000

over 4,700 new types of sea life beneath that depth,

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00:05:12,000 --> 00:05:14,000

and an even more remarkable discovery

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00:05:14,000 --> 00:05:17,000

would be made more than 100 years later.

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00:05:21,000 --> 00:05:24,000

February 1977,

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00:05:24,000 --> 00:05:28,000

250 miles northeast of the Galapagos Islands.

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00:05:30,000 --> 00:05:32,000

Scientists make a remarkable discovery

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00:05:32,000 --> 00:05:35,000

more than 8,000 feet below the surface.

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00:05:37,000 --> 00:05:40,000

Near a hydrothermal vent in the ocean floor,

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00:05:40,000 --> 00:05:43,000

where no life is thought to exist,

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00:05:45,000 --> 00:05:47,000

to their astonishment,

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00:05:47,000 --> 00:05:49,000

the area is teeming with creatures

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00:05:49,000 --> 00:05:52,000

unlike anything ever witnessed on Earth.

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00:05:53,000 --> 00:05:56,000

When they first came upon these deep-sea vents,

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00:05:56,000 --> 00:05:59,000

they found giant tubeworms, riftia,

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00:06:00,000 --> 00:06:04,000

that are amazing size and beautifully colored.

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00:06:05,000 --> 00:06:09,000

All sorts of shrimp and crabs and fish

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00:06:09,000 --> 00:06:11,000

living around these vents.

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00:06:11,000 --> 00:06:14,000

So they're totally alien forms of life

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00:06:14,000 --> 00:06:18,000

that have never been found anywhere else on the planet.

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00:06:19,000 --> 00:06:22,000

Central to the underwater ecosystem

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00:06:22,000 --> 00:06:24,000

is an unusual food source.

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00:06:24,000 --> 00:06:27,000

Bacteria exist at these vent sites.

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00:06:27,000 --> 00:06:29,000

In the absence of light,

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00:06:29,000 --> 00:06:31,000

they do something that's analogous to photosynthesis

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00:06:31,000 --> 00:06:33,000

that we call chemo-synthesis.

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00:06:33,000 --> 00:06:36,000

They actually take these sulfur-containing compounds

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00:06:36,000 --> 00:06:39,000

to generate their energy for their cells, essentially.

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00:06:39,000 --> 00:06:43,000

The discovery transforms the field of marine biology.

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00:06:43,000 --> 00:06:46,000

Considering the fact that these extraordinary creatures

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00:06:46,000 --> 00:06:48,000

have been found,

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00:06:48,000 --> 00:06:51,000

is it also possible that so-called sea monsters

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00:06:51,000 --> 00:06:53,000

presumed to be mythological,

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00:06:53,000 --> 00:06:55,000

such as the Ningen of Antarctica,

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00:06:55,000 --> 00:06:57,000

could exist as well?

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While no physical evidence of the Ningen

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00:07:00,000 --> 00:07:02,000

has come to light yet,

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00:07:02,000 --> 00:07:05,000

there is proof of an equally mystifying creature

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00:07:05,000 --> 00:07:07,000

that lurks in the depths,

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00:07:07,000 --> 00:07:09,000

to Ritopsis, Dornie,

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00:07:09,000 --> 00:07:12,000

or the immortal jellyfish.

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00:07:12,000 --> 00:07:14,000

The immortal jellyfish,

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00:07:14,000 --> 00:07:16,000

when conditions become adverse,

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00:07:16,000 --> 00:07:19,000

maybe temperatures become too high,

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00:07:19,000 --> 00:07:22,000

salinity changes.

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00:07:22,000 --> 00:07:26,000

These animals revert to a juvenile stage

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00:07:26,000 --> 00:07:28,000

from the adult stage

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00:07:28,000 --> 00:07:31,000

and basically start life all over again.

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00:07:33,000 --> 00:07:37,000

So it basically just keeps rewinding its development

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00:07:37,000 --> 00:07:39,000

over and over again.

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00:07:39,000 --> 00:07:41,000

In the lab, there are some lines of immortal jellyfish

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00:07:41,000 --> 00:07:43,000

that haven't experienced death yet.

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00:07:43,000 --> 00:07:46,000

They've just been cycling through their developmental stages repeatedly.

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00:07:46,000 --> 00:07:50,000

A jellyfish that has the potential to live forever?

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00:07:50,000 --> 00:07:53,000

But how is it possible that a creature could exist on Earth

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00:07:53,000 --> 00:07:57,000

that is so unlike any other life form yet discovered?

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00:07:57,000 --> 00:08:01,000

And that scientists still struggle to explain?

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00:08:02,000 --> 00:08:04,000

Ancient astronaut theorists suggest

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00:08:04,000 --> 00:08:07,000

there could be a very simple answer

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00:08:07,000 --> 00:08:09,000

that the immortal jellyfish

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00:08:09,000 --> 00:08:12,000

and perhaps other bizarre creatures of the deep

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00:08:12,000 --> 00:08:14,000

are not native to this planet,

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00:08:14,000 --> 00:08:17,000

but arrived here from space.

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00:08:19,000 --> 00:08:22,000

On August 19th, 2014,

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00:08:22,000 --> 00:08:25,000

Russian cosmonauts aboard the International Space Station

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00:08:25,000 --> 00:08:28,000

made an incredible discovery.

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00:08:28,000 --> 00:08:30,000

Clinging to the exterior of the windows

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00:08:30,000 --> 00:08:34,000

was an organism commonly found underwater.

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00:08:34,000 --> 00:08:36,000

Sea plankton.

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00:08:38,000 --> 00:08:40,000

The recent findings of sea plankton

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00:08:40,000 --> 00:08:42,000

on the outside of the space station

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00:08:42,000 --> 00:08:44,000

is really very interesting.

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00:08:44,000 --> 00:08:47,000

I personally have collaborated with the group

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00:08:47,000 --> 00:08:50,000

of very distinguished scientists who are involved in this,

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00:08:50,000 --> 00:08:53,000

and we concluded that there's no way

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00:08:53,000 --> 00:08:56,000

in which microbes can be lofted

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00:08:56,000 --> 00:09:00,000

to 400 kilometers from the surface.

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00:09:00,000 --> 00:09:03,000

So they have to come from outside.

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00:09:04,000 --> 00:09:07,000

Has Dr. Chandra Wigramasinga,

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00:09:07,000 --> 00:09:09,000

along with his colleagues,

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00:09:09,000 --> 00:09:12,000

found irrefutable evidence of alien life

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00:09:12,000 --> 00:09:15,000

that is able to survive the extreme conditions of outer space

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00:09:15,000 --> 00:09:18,000

and potentially travel to Earth?

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00:09:18,000 --> 00:09:22,000

And could the fact that it was found to be plankton

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00:09:22,000 --> 00:09:25,000

indicate that life forms coming from space

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00:09:25,000 --> 00:09:28,000

capable of surviving in Earth's oceans?

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00:09:29,000 --> 00:09:31,000

Here's what's so crazy.

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00:09:31,000 --> 00:09:34,000

We've discovered new creatures and new species

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00:09:34,000 --> 00:09:37,000

in places where 20 years ago

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00:09:37,000 --> 00:09:40,000

it was scientific fact

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00:09:40,000 --> 00:09:44,000

that no life could exist in those places.

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00:09:44,000 --> 00:09:46,000

We now have even found fish

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00:09:46,000 --> 00:09:50,000

at the bottom of the deepest spots of the ocean

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00:09:50,000 --> 00:09:53,000

where even a submarine could get crushed.

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00:09:53,000 --> 00:09:55,000

And there's living fish down there?

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00:09:55,000 --> 00:09:57,000

How is that possible?

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00:09:57,000 --> 00:10:00,000

It shouldn't work on Earth, but it does.

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00:10:00,000 --> 00:10:02,000

So my question is,

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00:10:02,000 --> 00:10:06,000

are some of those creatures directly imported from somewhere else?

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00:10:08,000 --> 00:10:10,000

Immortal jellyfish.

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00:10:10,000 --> 00:10:12,000

Giant worms.

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00:10:12,000 --> 00:10:15,000

Possible humanoid sea monsters.

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00:10:16,000 --> 00:10:19,000

Might the many bizarre creatures found in Earth's oceans

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00:10:19,000 --> 00:10:22,000

not be from Earth at all?

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00:10:23,000 --> 00:10:27,000

And if alien life forms really do inhabit our seas,

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00:10:27,000 --> 00:10:29,000

did they arrive here by accident?

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00:10:29,000 --> 00:10:32,000

Or were they sent here deliberately

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00:10:32,000 --> 00:10:35,000

as part of an extraterrestrial agenda?

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00:10:35,000 --> 00:10:38,000

Perhaps further clues can be found

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00:10:38,000 --> 00:10:42,000

by examining an object that recently crash-landed on Earth

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00:10:42,000 --> 00:10:47,000

carrying cargo that has the potential to create life.

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00:10:54,000 --> 00:10:57,000

December 1974.

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00:10:57,000 --> 00:11:00,000

Cambridge University professor of astronomy

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00:11:00,000 --> 00:11:02,000

Dr. Chandra Wickramasinga

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00:11:02,000 --> 00:11:05,000

publishes an article in Nature magazine

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00:11:05,000 --> 00:11:08,000

that sets the scientific community abuzz.

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00:11:10,000 --> 00:11:13,000

For decades, the mainstream viewpoint has been

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00:11:13,000 --> 00:11:16,000

that life on Earth spontaneously arose

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00:11:16,000 --> 00:11:19,000

from a so-called primordial soup

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00:11:19,000 --> 00:11:23,000

or organic compounds in the planet's primitive oceans.

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00:11:23,000 --> 00:11:26,000

But scientists are still uncertain

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00:11:26,000 --> 00:11:29,000

as to just how life would have been able to develop

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00:11:29,000 --> 00:11:31,000

from inanimate matter.

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00:11:32,000 --> 00:11:35,000

Instead, Dr. Wickramasinga suggests

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00:11:35,000 --> 00:11:39,000

that life didn't start on Earth at all

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00:11:39,000 --> 00:11:43,000

but was delivered to our planet on meteorites and comets.

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00:11:44,000 --> 00:11:48,000

The concept is known as panspermia.

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00:11:48,000 --> 00:11:51,000

Every single textbook on biology

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00:11:51,000 --> 00:11:55,000

that we would have studied maybe 10, 20 years ago

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00:11:55,000 --> 00:11:59,000

starts with the story of the primordial soup.

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00:12:00,000 --> 00:12:03,000

There is no evidence for this at all

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00:12:03,000 --> 00:12:07,000

and so the alternative to the primordial soup theory

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00:12:07,000 --> 00:12:10,000

is that life did not start here on the Earth

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00:12:10,000 --> 00:12:12,000

but came from outside.

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00:12:13,000 --> 00:12:16,000

There are two types of panspermia.

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00:12:16,000 --> 00:12:18,000

One which is just panspermia

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00:12:18,000 --> 00:12:21,000

which suggests that life was carried

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00:12:21,000 --> 00:12:25,000

on the backs of comets throughout the universe.

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00:12:25,000 --> 00:12:28,000

So it's a natural seeding of the planets.

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00:12:29,000 --> 00:12:33,000

Now, the second term is what's called directed panspermia

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00:12:33,000 --> 00:12:36,000

and the definition behind that is

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00:12:36,000 --> 00:12:39,000

that an intelligent technological species

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00:12:39,000 --> 00:12:44,000

on a distant planet deliberately sent out

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00:12:44,000 --> 00:12:48,000

building blocks of life to particular planets.

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00:12:48,000 --> 00:12:53,000

So the idea is that Earth, perhaps a long time ago,

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00:12:53,000 --> 00:12:56,000

was seeded by extraterrestrials.

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00:12:58,000 --> 00:13:00,000

For decades, mainstream scientists

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00:13:00,000 --> 00:13:03,000

have dismissed the theory of panspermia

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00:13:03,000 --> 00:13:05,000

on the basis that life could not survive

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00:13:05,000 --> 00:13:07,000

the extreme conditions of space.

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00:13:08,000 --> 00:13:12,000

But a recent discovery could prove that notion wrong

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00:13:12,000 --> 00:13:14,000

and possibly provide physical evidence

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00:13:14,000 --> 00:13:17,000

that panspermia not only occurred

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00:13:17,000 --> 00:13:20,000

but continues to affect life on Earth.

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00:13:26,000 --> 00:13:28,000

Milton Keynes, England.

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00:13:28,000 --> 00:13:31,000

March, 2019.

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00:13:32,000 --> 00:13:35,000

Ancient astronaut theorist, Georgiosuchelos,

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00:13:35,000 --> 00:13:37,000

travels to the Open University

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00:13:37,000 --> 00:13:41,000

to meet with planetary scientist, Dr. Queenie Chan.

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00:13:41,000 --> 00:13:43,000

Dr. Chan?

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00:13:43,000 --> 00:13:44,000

Georgios!

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00:13:44,000 --> 00:13:45,000

Hello.

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00:13:45,000 --> 00:13:46,000

Great pleasure to meet you.

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00:13:46,000 --> 00:13:47,000

Welcome here. Nice to meet you, too.

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00:13:47,000 --> 00:13:48,000

Welcome.

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00:13:48,000 --> 00:13:50,000

Thank you so much for bringing me here.

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00:13:50,000 --> 00:13:53,000

Dr. Chan recently analyzed two meteorites

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00:13:53,000 --> 00:13:55,000

recovered in 1998

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00:13:55,000 --> 00:13:59,000

and discovered something incredibly unexpected,

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00:13:59,000 --> 00:14:03,000

a salt crystal containing liquid water.

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00:14:04,000 --> 00:14:06,000

Georgios is eager to find out

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00:14:06,000 --> 00:14:09,000

what the implications of this discovery could be

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00:14:09,000 --> 00:14:11,000

and if it might provide further evidence

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00:14:11,000 --> 00:14:15,000

that life on Earth was seeded by extraterrestrials.

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00:14:16,000 --> 00:14:21,000

So, here we've got a box full of heavy meteorites.

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00:14:21,000 --> 00:14:22,000

Oh, wow.

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00:14:22,000 --> 00:14:24,000

Within a stony meteorite,

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00:14:24,000 --> 00:14:27,000

we've got something called the chondritic meteorite.

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00:14:27,000 --> 00:14:29,000

They are interesting because they have

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00:14:29,000 --> 00:14:31,000

organic materials in it.

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00:14:33,000 --> 00:14:37,000

The meteorite that I found extremely interesting,

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00:14:37,000 --> 00:14:40,000

special, two meteorites, actually,

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00:14:40,000 --> 00:14:42,000

Zac and Monaghan's meteorite.

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00:14:42,000 --> 00:14:45,000

They are both ordinary chondrites,

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00:14:45,000 --> 00:14:47,000

but they are not ordinary.

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00:14:49,000 --> 00:14:52,000

They both fell to Earth in 1998.

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00:14:52,000 --> 00:14:54,000

And what's more interesting is

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00:14:54,000 --> 00:14:58,000

both of these meteorites have salt crystal.

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00:14:58,000 --> 00:15:01,000

That's stunning blue coloration to them.

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00:15:01,000 --> 00:15:05,000

More interesting is within these salt crystals.

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00:15:05,000 --> 00:15:10,000

We found water, liquid water inclusion within them.

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00:15:10,000 --> 00:15:12,000

I'm trying to wrap my mind around this,

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00:15:12,000 --> 00:15:14,000

so you're telling me that you found meteorites

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00:15:14,000 --> 00:15:17,000

that actually contain liquid water in them.

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00:15:17,000 --> 00:15:20,000

What would you say to someone who would argue

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00:15:20,000 --> 00:15:24,000

that maybe the water entered the meteorite after it fell on Earth?

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00:15:24,000 --> 00:15:28,000

We were lucky because they both fell in a dry condition,

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00:15:28,000 --> 00:15:30,000

and they were retrieved really quickly

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00:15:30,000 --> 00:15:32,000

once they we observed the fall.

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00:15:32,000 --> 00:15:35,000

So it was not contaminated by the rain.

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00:15:35,000 --> 00:15:36,000

Okay.

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00:15:36,000 --> 00:15:38,000

Should we have a look at it and they clean up?

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00:15:38,000 --> 00:15:41,000

Yes, please. That would be amazing. Absolutely.

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00:15:43,000 --> 00:15:46,000

Before they can examine the meteorite sample,

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00:15:46,000 --> 00:15:49,000

Giorgio and Dr. Chan change into protective gear

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00:15:49,000 --> 00:15:52,000

that will keep the laboratory sterile.

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00:15:53,000 --> 00:15:55,000

All right.

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00:15:57,000 --> 00:15:58,000

And so this is it?

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00:15:58,000 --> 00:15:59,000

This is it.

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00:15:59,000 --> 00:16:00,000

Should we have a look under the microscope?

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00:16:00,000 --> 00:16:01,000

Yes, please. Yes.

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00:16:01,000 --> 00:16:04,000

I'm trying to move that in focus now.

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00:16:04,000 --> 00:16:06,000

There it is.

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00:16:06,000 --> 00:16:09,000

I'm going to enlarge it on my screen.

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00:16:09,000 --> 00:16:10,000

This is it.

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00:16:10,000 --> 00:16:13,000

You're looking at a speck of water in a meteorite.

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00:16:13,000 --> 00:16:15,000

This is the first time that we found

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00:16:15,000 --> 00:16:17,000

an amino acid with water.

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00:16:17,000 --> 00:16:19,000

This is extraordinary.

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00:16:19,000 --> 00:16:21,000

Amino acids?

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00:16:21,000 --> 00:16:24,000

These organic compounds are the building blocks of life.

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00:16:24,000 --> 00:16:26,000

They're the only ones that are in the water.

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00:16:26,000 --> 00:16:28,000

They're the only ones that are in the water.

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00:16:28,000 --> 00:16:31,000

These organic compounds are the building blocks of life.

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00:16:31,000 --> 00:16:34,000

So finding them within liquid water on a meteorite

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00:16:34,000 --> 00:16:36,000

is extraordinary.

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00:16:37,000 --> 00:16:41,000

Could alien proteins like these have started life on Earth?

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00:16:43,000 --> 00:16:45,000

So one of the exciting things about the discovery

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00:16:45,000 --> 00:16:47,000

of the blue salt crystals and the asteroids

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00:16:47,000 --> 00:16:51,000

that crashed to Earth is really the amino acids.

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00:16:51,000 --> 00:16:54,000

Amino acids are the building block of proteins.

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00:16:54,000 --> 00:16:57,000

And so it really shows that Earth isn't the only place

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00:16:57,000 --> 00:17:01,000

where the right chemistry exists for which you can get life.

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00:17:02,000 --> 00:17:06,000

The pan spermia theory cannot be dismissed.

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00:17:06,000 --> 00:17:08,000

And one reason is as follows.

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00:17:08,000 --> 00:17:12,000

In the early Earth, we were hit by meteors and asteroids.

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00:17:12,000 --> 00:17:16,000

So our oceans probably boiled off many times in the past,

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00:17:16,000 --> 00:17:18,000

making life impossible.

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00:17:19,000 --> 00:17:22,000

But then when the solar system became quiet

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00:17:22,000 --> 00:17:26,000

and we had oceans, boom, life gets off the ground.

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00:17:27,000 --> 00:17:29,000

Scientists are finding more and more evidence

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00:17:29,000 --> 00:17:33,000

that shows organic material arrived here from other worlds

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00:17:33,000 --> 00:17:35,000

billions of years ago.

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00:17:35,000 --> 00:17:38,000

And some believe that process continues to this day.

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00:17:38,000 --> 00:17:40,000

What is this?

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00:17:40,000 --> 00:17:42,000

This is a nanosense.

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00:17:42,000 --> 00:17:45,000

It's capable of doing isotopic analysis.

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00:17:45,000 --> 00:17:48,000

In another laboratory, Dr. Chan shows Georgia the machine

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00:17:48,000 --> 00:17:52,000

that analyzed the meteorite samples on a nanometer scale.

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The results are then displayed on a computer screen,

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00:17:56,000 --> 00:18:00,000

showing a comparison between amino acids found on Earth

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00:18:00,000 --> 00:18:02,000

and those that arrived here from space.

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00:18:02,000 --> 00:18:05,000

This is very interesting because first of all,

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00:18:05,000 --> 00:18:11,000

we're seeing a bunch of amino acids that are common in terrestrial life.

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00:18:11,000 --> 00:18:15,000

And over here, we've got other extraterrestrial amino acids, let me say.

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00:18:15,000 --> 00:18:19,000

Really? This is a revolutionary discovery.

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00:18:19,000 --> 00:18:23,000

I immediately go to the idea of pan spermia

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00:18:23,000 --> 00:18:27,000

that life has been brought through the entire galaxy

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00:18:27,000 --> 00:18:31,000

by means with which we can't even fathom how it was done.

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00:18:31,000 --> 00:18:35,000

The building blocks of protein that we know to be necessary for life,

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00:18:35,000 --> 00:18:39,000

these very building blocks, the same amino acids that we found on Earth,

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00:18:39,000 --> 00:18:42,000

is ubiquitous in the universe.

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00:18:42,000 --> 00:18:44,000

It's everywhere. It's found on asteroid.

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00:18:44,000 --> 00:18:46,000

It's found on comets too.

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00:18:46,000 --> 00:18:51,000

So in your estimation, what is the likelihood of life

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00:18:51,000 --> 00:18:53,000

having begun elsewhere?

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00:18:53,000 --> 00:18:55,000

We've got so many different galaxies,

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00:18:55,000 --> 00:18:58,000

and there are so many Earth-like planets.

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00:18:58,000 --> 00:19:01,000

And we could have water elsewhere.

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00:19:01,000 --> 00:19:04,000

We know that amino acids are building blocks of life.

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00:19:04,000 --> 00:19:05,000

Are you ubiquitous?

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00:19:05,000 --> 00:19:09,000

So I think it's totally possible.

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00:19:10,000 --> 00:19:14,000

Thank you so much for sharing this information with me.

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00:19:14,000 --> 00:19:19,000

I think this has been one of the most enlightening conversations that I've ever had.

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00:19:19,000 --> 00:19:21,000

So thank you for your time.

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00:19:21,000 --> 00:19:23,000

Good to have you.

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00:19:25,000 --> 00:19:29,000

Are the seeds of life being sent to Earth inside meteorites

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00:19:29,000 --> 00:19:35,000

and possibly developing new alien species in the deepest parts of our oceans?

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00:19:35,000 --> 00:19:39,000

And if so, to what end?

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00:19:39,000 --> 00:19:41,000

Perhaps further clues can be found

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00:19:41,000 --> 00:19:47,000

by examining one of the most mysterious and intelligent creatures in the sea,

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00:19:48,000 --> 00:19:50,000

the octopus.

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00:19:55,000 --> 00:19:58,000

March 2018.

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00:19:58,000 --> 00:20:02,000

A scientific paper sparks a sensation in the press.

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00:20:02,000 --> 00:20:08,000

In it, a team of 33 scientists, including Dr. Chandruwik Ramasinha,

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00:20:08,000 --> 00:20:13,000

claim that octopuses possess extraterrestrial DNA.

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What we find in the octopus genome is just almost uncanny.

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It has something like 50,000 genes.

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Compare that with the human, which has something like 25,000 genes.

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So the octopus in many ways appears to be more complex than the human.

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And how did this complexity manifest itself?

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There's ample evidence to suggest that it came from outside.

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As scientists study octopi, they're amazed at what they're finding,

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and they're not seeing a connection to some ancestor of the octopi.

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It's like these creatures were brought here in their entirety and put into our oceans.

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The octopus is a really fascinating organism.

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The octopus's brain, instead of just being centered in its head,

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00:21:07,000 --> 00:21:10,000

like ours, is actually distributed.

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00:21:11,000 --> 00:21:15,000

There are these brains in their arms, as well as the central brain in their head.

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00:21:16,000 --> 00:21:21,000

An octopus can certainly manipulate its environment.

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It builds its own homes by piling rocks and shells on top of it.

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00:21:29,000 --> 00:21:33,000

Octopuses are very adept at camouflaging themselves

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00:21:33,000 --> 00:21:37,000

by changing their color to that of their surroundings really, really quickly.

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00:21:37,000 --> 00:21:40,000

I mean, almost it looks instantaneous to us.

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00:21:40,000 --> 00:21:45,000

It can also manipulate its body into different shapes to imitate other animals.

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Some scientists have speculated that in the absence of humans,

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00:21:52,000 --> 00:21:56,000

the animal best suited to evolve into the dominant species on the planet

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is not another primate, but the octopus.

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00:22:01,000 --> 00:22:07,000

And there is one ability in particular that suggests the octopus could one day rule the Earth.

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00:22:08,000 --> 00:22:11,000

It can edit its own genetic code.

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00:22:12,000 --> 00:22:16,000

DNA, the double helix, is like a zipper.

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The zipper can be unzipped.

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And then another molecule is created called RNA.

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RNA transfers the information from DNA to proteins.

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So the octopus have the amazing ability to edit their RNA.

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00:22:42,000 --> 00:22:45,000

Thus, they can make new proteins.

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00:22:46,000 --> 00:22:49,000

Although this ability isn't fully understood,

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it suggests that the octopus can rapidly adapt to its environment far faster than other creatures.

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00:22:56,000 --> 00:23:00,000

What RNA editing does is essentially mediated by changes in the environment,

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00:23:00,000 --> 00:23:02,000

usually temperature, for example.

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Camouflaging skin, tool use, the ability to edit its own genetic code?

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00:23:12,000 --> 00:23:20,000

Is it possible that this extraordinary creature with three hearts and nine brains is not from Earth?

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00:23:20,000 --> 00:23:24,000

Perhaps evidence can be found by examining mythological accounts

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from across the ancient world.

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00:23:28,000 --> 00:23:33,000

Numerous cultures told stories of human-like beings coming out of the ocean

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00:23:33,000 --> 00:23:37,000

and worshiped gods that resembled sea creatures.

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Interestingly, a great many of these aquatic deities resemble the octopus.

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All the way around the world, there are traditions to do with a creator god in the form of an octopus.

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00:23:50,000 --> 00:24:01,000

For instance, in ancient Crete, there are numerous images and paintings of an octopus with bizarre large eyes.

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00:24:03,000 --> 00:24:12,000

In Ecuador, at a place called Mantas, were these bas-relief carvings of this bizarre octopus deity.

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We have to ask ourselves, is it possible that the ancients were aware that the octopus is truly alien to this planet?

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Is it possible that the octopus is related to a race of extraterrestrials that visited Earth thousands of years ago?

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Or did our ancestors encounter intelligent creatures that were the result of alien experimentation?

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Ancient astronaut theory proposes that in the distant past, the human race was genetically modified by other worldly beings.

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If true, could they have altered other creatures as well?

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00:24:53,000 --> 00:25:03,000

In the ancient record of mythology, we find a very intriguing story, and that is, the gods experimented when they were coming up with the human form.

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00:25:04,000 --> 00:25:15,000

They experimented with various types of creatures, half human, half dog hybrids, half human, half horse hybrids, humans that had aquatic features.

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00:25:16,000 --> 00:25:23,000

They seemed to be experimenting and looking for just the right fit for conditions of life on Earth.

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00:25:24,000 --> 00:25:27,000

We think that stopped, but that may not be true.

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00:25:28,000 --> 00:25:38,000

Are extraterrestrials continuing to introduce new life forms to planet Earth and perhaps altering existing life forms to this day?

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Ancient astronaut theorists suggest that just like we are conducting research on other planets, other worldly beings may be using our oceans as their own research laboratory.

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00:25:58,000 --> 00:26:02,000

St. George's Bermuda, 1978

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Dr. Tom Eilif, a research scientist at the Bermuda Biological Station, begins to explore the dozens of underwater caves in the area.

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Many of his colleagues tell him that he is wasting his time, that no meaningful life can survive in the dense, soft water environments of these caves.

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Caves where the sunlight does not reach.

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00:26:27,000 --> 00:26:31,000

But to his astonishment, he finds the caves teeming with life.

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The blue holes are the underwater caves in the Bahamas, so they're called blue holes because they're vertical shafts.

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00:26:41,000 --> 00:26:47,000

When you look at them, the water is a deep, dark blue in color, crystal clear water.

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00:26:48,000 --> 00:26:55,000

There have been a number of people who've said there's nothing interesting there, don't even bother to look.

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But I took that as a challenge.

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00:26:58,000 --> 00:27:12,000

I went ahead and tried to find out for myself what was there, and amazingly, there's just over 350 new species of animals that I've found in my career.

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We know of more animals in these caves than any other place in the world.

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Not only has Dr. Eilif discovered an amazing amount of life within the extreme environments of the blue holes, but the life forms he has found are unlike any other creatures on Earth.

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There have been discovered an enormous variety of higher groups of animals in these underwater caves.

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One of the most interesting animals we worked on represents a new class of crustacea.

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It's called the Remepedes, and they're unusual because they are the only crustacean with venom-injecting fangs.

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So they swim up to prey, maybe a small shrimp, and stick their fangs into it, inject it with hydrolytic enzymes that paralyzes and begins digesting the shrimp externally, and then literally have the ability to suck the juices out of their prey.

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00:28:18,000 --> 00:28:24,000

If I were going to build a science fiction monster, I'd build it around a Remepede.

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00:28:25,000 --> 00:28:39,000

While scientists are fascinated by the incredible abilities of the octopus that they still don't fully understand, it is only one of literally thousands of extraordinary sea creatures that similarly defy explanation.

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And one of them, discovered in 2013, is the octopus's colossal cousin, the giant squid.

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Once thought to be a mythological creature, the giant squid can grow to over 40 feet in length, weigh up to 600 pounds, and boasts the animal kingdom's largest eyes, eyes capable of accommodating the lack of sunlight in the deep.

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So Architeuthis dukesi, or the giant squid, is a really interesting creature in that it's experiencing like deep sea gigantism, so it can get really, really large in the deep sea environment.

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The giant squid's tentacles are covered with suction cups that have little teeth, and so that allows it to grab its prey in the dark and hold it to them.

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Perhaps the strangest of all the sea creatures found in the past 20 years is the tenophore, or comb jelly.

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It has two neuro systems, healed from any wound in under three hours with no scarring, and can even regenerate its own brain.

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Comb jellies are such a mystery to scientists, they have been dubbed aliens of the sea.

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But as bizarre as all these creatures are, could there be even more incredible life forms we have yet to discover?

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00:30:09,000 --> 00:30:14,000

Exploration of the deep ocean is very difficult and dangerous.

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In some respects, a space mission is easier, but the pressures crush most conventional submarines and submersibles.

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There are only a handful of missions that have gone, say, to the very bottom of the deep parts of the ocean, like the Mariana Trench.

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The deepest part of these oceans are about seven miles deep, and you need special bathyspheres or submarines to go that deep.

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And when researchers do make these journeys, they're amazed to find that there's actually life at

these extreme depths, something they didn't expect.

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So now we have to wonder, is it possible that at these extreme depths in our oceans, there are extraterrestrials and bases?

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00:31:03,000 --> 00:31:04,000

It's an incredible thought.

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00:31:05,000 --> 00:31:16,000

Could it be that humanity's inability to fully explore Earth's oceans has prevented the discovery of a profound and potentially disturbing reality?

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00:31:18,000 --> 00:31:26,000

That alien creatures from other worlds not only can and do exist, but they are most likely thriving in our oceans.

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Not only do many ancient astronaut theorists say yes, they also suggest that not all alien life forms are of the silent, swimming variety.

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They believe that the sea is vast enough and deep enough to hide entire colonies of extraterrestrials and some with technological capabilities, far surpassing our own.

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Malibu, California, 2014.

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Satellite imagery reveals a curious formation on the seabed, six miles off the coast.

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00:32:12,000 --> 00:32:22,000

The satellite photos show what seems to be an oval, flat-topped structure that's got legs coming down that are holding it up.

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It's about 2,000 feet underwater. In some ways this would look a little bit like an oil platform.

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In the very same area as the underwater structure, locals have reported seeing strange lights emerging from the ocean.

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00:32:41,000 --> 00:32:52,000

There is this very strange 911 call from an observer near Point Doom, off Malibu, saying he saw a light coming out of the water and calling it into the sheriff's station.

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In Point Doom, the whole area around there, USOs are phenomenally common.

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00:33:02,000 --> 00:33:06,000

A USO is an unidentified submersible object.

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00:33:07,000 --> 00:33:14,000

Is there an alien base in the very deep trench off the coast of Malibu?

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00:33:15,000 --> 00:33:19,000

And that's why there are so many sightings of USOs off that coast.

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An underwater alien base?

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00:33:25,000 --> 00:33:27,000

Could such an incredible notion be true?

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00:33:28,000 --> 00:33:36,000

And if so, is this just one of many extraterrestrial installations hidden deep beneath Earth's oceans?

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Ancient astronaut theorists say yes and point to stories from all over the world of USOs.

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Witnesses have seen UFOs busting out from the ocean floor and just taking right off into the atmosphere and gone into space.

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You see them off the coast of California. You see them a lot in the Gulf of Mexico.

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00:34:05,000 --> 00:34:09,000

Spend some time on the Florida Gulf Coast, you will see a USO.

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00:34:12,000 --> 00:34:21,000

Sailors have seen lights following their ships underwater. They're not submarines, they're something else, something's going on.

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Absolutely anything could be hiding down there.

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If aliens were trying to direct seeds of life at the most obvious place that they would hide them is within the oceans themselves.

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00:34:38,000 --> 00:34:43,000

And the depths of them could hide vehicles, could even hide bases.

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For hundreds, if not thousands of years, we would not be aware of their presence.

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00:34:51,000 --> 00:34:55,000

Alien craft hidden in our oceans for thousands of years?

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While many dismiss the idea as little more than science fiction, ancient astronaut theorists point to a recent innovation in marine warfare.

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In May 2017, the United Kingdom announced its newest submarine program, the Astute Class.

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These nuclear attack subs can carry a crew of almost 100 sailors, descend more than 1000 feet and remain submerged for up to 25 years.

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The only reason they need to surface is to take on food and supplies.

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But experts contend that the ocean is so rich in resources that advances in technology may soon enable submarines to harvest all of the materials they need underwater.

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The oceans have everything that the crew of a ship would need to survive.

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It's got plants and animals that can be harvested for food.

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There are minerals and salt that can be taken from the water.

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You can actually desalinate the water to make clean drinking water.

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You can even separate the hydrogen from the oxygen in the water to create fuels and air to breathe.

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Everything that is necessary for life can be found in the oceans.

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And it may be that if extraterrestrials are in our oceans, they're not just hiding there, this may be their preferred environment.

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Is it possible that extraterrestrials are not just hiding beneath the sea but view our oceans as their preferred territory?

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Some scientists suggest that aquatic creatures are better suited than humans for space travel.

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Because of the fact that we're terrestrial and we walk on the ground, as humans we're very tied to our 2D motions that is moving only left, right and forward and back.

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Creatures that grow up in a fundamentally aquatic environment are much more used to all of the 3D motion that comes with being able to move up and down as well as forward and backward and left and right in the ocean.

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Our musculoskeletal system needs the impact of gravity to remain healthy.

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And so I think just the weightlessness is one of the biggest challenges to humans living in space conditions.

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So you can imagine that something adapted to an aqueous environment could potentially do better in a low gravity environment.

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Considering the advantages that aquatic lifeforms have over terrestrial lifeforms and the fact that more than 90% of earth's oceans remain unexamined,

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is it possible that there are creatures lurking beneath the water that are more sophisticated than humans?

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If so, could they have been sent here on meteors from distant planets?

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And does our inability to explore the extreme depths of their world mean that it is only a matter of time before they emerge from the sea?

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To take over hours.

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St. Paul, Minnesota.

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2008.

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Arnold Launday, a retired heart and lung surgeon, announces he has patented a revolutionary type of scuba suit that will allow humans to breathe liquid air.

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Keto's invention is a special solution of highly oxygenated perfluorocarbons, a type of liquid that can dissolve enormous quantities of gas.

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And while the technology is still in development, if Launday succeeds, humans will be able to dive to more extreme depths than ever before.

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In these dark recesses of earth's oceans, could we discover that humans share the earth with much more intelligent and sophisticated lifeforms than anything found on land?

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Frankly, we have no idea what might be down there. Exploration has been very limited. There are vast parts of the ocean about which we know absolutely nothing.

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As humans, we tend to believe that we have dominion over the earth. But in the vast oceans beneath us, there could be all kinds of advanced civilizations.

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Even ones that have been here for much longer than we've been on this planet. And they've come here from other solar systems and then came to our planet where they're now living underwater.

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And it seems incredible to us, but we may be seeing their ships, these USOs coming out of the water. And there may be some highly advanced civilization that's in these vast oceans that we have yet to explore.

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Anything could be down there.

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Some people have proposed that the earth served as some gigantic Petri dish. And so you have to wonder what else can emerge on earth that we don't even know about?

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Could there be more sophisticated lifeforms than us, not just on distant planets, but right here in our own oceans? Not aliens, but earthlings.

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If extraterrestrials seeded the earth and continued to use it as a genetic laboratory, as ancient astronaut theorists suggest, could further deep-sea exploration discover a species more advanced than humans?

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Perhaps creatures resembling the amphibious gods depicted by our ancestors. And will we only have true dominion over the earth once we are able to fully explore and inhabit these depths as well?

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Some ancient astronaut theorists believe the creatures of the deep may already have plans for humanity.

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Are there extraterrestrials in fact in our oceans that are experimenting with different types of beings? And are they looking ultimately to upgrade humanity with some of these discoveries?

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Is that what's in our future? That there could be extraterrestrial beings that will come out of Earth's ocean that will deliver some kind of revelation that says, hey guys, this isn't all there is, you can in fact transform yourself into this.

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And that will be the future evolution of humanity.

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Instead of looking for alien civilizations beyond our solar system, might we find them in the darkest depths of our oceans?

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Is it possible that there is already a species more advanced than humans hiding out in places we can't reach that have been there for thousands of years?

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Perhaps we will make alien contact, not when they come down from the sky, but when they reemerge from the sea.